

次の定積分を求めよ.

$$(1) \quad I = \int_0^1 x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$$

$$(2) \quad J = \int_0^1 x^3 \log(x^2+1) dx$$

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[解答例]

$\sqrt{a^2-x^2}$ の形は $x=a\sin\theta$ ($-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$)
($a>0$)
と置換するの成定石!

$$(1) \quad x = \sin\theta \text{ とおくと } \frac{dx}{d\theta} = \cos\theta, \quad \begin{array}{l|l} x & 0 \rightarrow 1 \\ \theta & 0 \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \end{array}$$

$$I = \int_0^1 x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2\theta \sqrt{1-\sin^2\theta} \frac{dx}{d\theta} d\theta = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2\theta \cos^2\theta d\theta$$

$$\text{ここで } \sin^2\theta \cos^2\theta = (\sin\theta \cos\theta)^2 = \left(\frac{\sin 2\theta}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{\sin^2 2\theta}{4} = \frac{1-\cos 4\theta}{8}$$

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1-\cos 4\theta}{8} d\theta = \left[\frac{1}{8}\theta - \frac{\sin 4\theta}{32} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{\pi}{16}$$

$$(2) \quad J = \int_0^1 x^3 \log(x^2+1) dx$$

$\left(\frac{x^2-1}{4}\right)' = x^2$
 $\left(\frac{x^4}{4}\right)' = x^3$ は㊶

$$= \left[\frac{x^4-1}{4} \log(x^2+1) \right]_0^1 - \int_0^1 \frac{x^4-1}{4} \cdot \frac{2x}{x^2+1} dx \quad (\because \text{部分積分法})$$

$$= - \int_0^1 \frac{(x^2-1)(x^2+1) \cdot 2x}{4(x^2+1)} dx$$

$$= - \int_0^1 \left(\frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{x}{2} \right) dx = - \left[\frac{x^4}{8} - \frac{x^2}{4} \right]_0^1 = - \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{\text{別}} \int x^3 \log(x^2+1) dx &= \frac{x^4}{4} \log(x^2+1) - \int \frac{x^4}{4} \cdot \frac{2x}{x^2+1} dx \quad (\because \text{部分積分法}) \\ &= \frac{x^4}{4} \log(x^2+1) - \int \frac{x^5}{2(x^2+1)} dx \\ &= \frac{x^4}{4} \log(x^2+1) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(x^2+1)(x^3-x) + x}{x^2+1} dx \\ &= \frac{x^4}{4} \log(x^2+1) - \frac{1}{2} \int \left(x^3 - x + \frac{x}{x^2+1} \right) dx \\ &= \frac{x^4}{4} \log(x^2+1) - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+1) \right\} \\ &= \frac{x^4-1}{4} \log(x^2+1) - \frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{x^2}{4} + C \quad (C \text{ は積分定数}) \end{aligned}$$

よって

$$\begin{aligned} J &= \int_0^1 x^3 \log(x^2+1) dx \\ &= \left[\frac{x^4-1}{4} \log(x^2+1) - \frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right]_0^1 \\ &= -\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

